

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 359

DIGEST OF SB 359 (Updated February 27, 2006 6:08 pm - DI 75)

Citations Affected: IC 4-13; IC 4-13.6; IC 5-16; IC 5-22.

Synopsis: Procurement and state public works. Provides that advance payment may be made for equipment or software acquired by a state agency, regardless of cost, with the prior approval of the budget agency under certain circumstances. Provides discretion to determine when retainage on a state public works contract should be placed in an escrow account. Provides that certain bid, performance, and payment bond and retainage requirements do not apply to railroad projects of a commuter transportation district. Requires contractors and subcontractors on state public works projects to implement employee drug testing programs. Establishes a negotiated bidding process for procurement of supplies by the executive branch of state government under which the purchasing agency may conduct discussions with bidders before awarding a contract under an invitation for bids to (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2006.

Hershman

(HOUSE SPONSORS — MESSER)

January 10, 2006, read first time and referred to Committee on Governmental Affairs and January 10, 2006, Icad Inst this did referred to Schiller Interstate Cooperation.

January 26, 2006, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.
February 1, 2006, read second time, ordered engrossed.
February 2, 2006, engrossed. Read third time, passed. Yeas 47, nays 2.

HOUSE ACTION

February 7, 2006, read first time and referred to Committee on Government and Regulatory

February 21, 2006, amended, reported — Do Pass. February 27, 2006, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



Digest Continued

obtain a best and final offer. Requires a purchasing agency to maintain a bid register documenting the purchasing agency's negotiations with bidders. Makes technical changes to the statute authorizing reverse auctions. Eliminates the requirement for a purchasing agent in the executive branch to make a written determination as a condition to award a contract using an RFP. Permits a purchasing agency in the executive branch to use information obtained from an offeror's proposal in discussions with other offerors under certain circumstances. Provides that an information technology, life sciences, transportation, or logistics business that employs more than 100 persons or that has annual sales of more than \$5,000,000 is not eligible for a small business preference. Repeals a statute that prohibit the use of a reverse auction to purchase certain construction equipment. Makes technical changes.





Second Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2006)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2005 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 359

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 4-13-2-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2005,
SECTION 62, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 20. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this
section, IC 12-17-19-19, or IC 12-8-10-7, payment for any services,
supplies, materials, or equipment shall not be paid from any fund or
state money in advance of receipt of such services, supplies, materials,
or equipment by the state.

- (b) With the prior approval of the budget agency, payment may be made in advance for any of the following:
 - (1) War surplus property.
 - (2) Property purchased or leased from the United States government or its agencies.
- (3) Dues and subscriptions.
- (4) License fees.
- 15 (5) Insurance premiums.
- 16 (6) Utility connection charges.
- 17 (7) Federal grant programs where advance funding is not



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1	prohibited and, except as provided in subsection (i), the
2	contracting party posts sufficient security to cover the amount
3	advanced.
4	(8) Grants of state funds authorized by statute.
5	(9) Employee expense vouchers.
6	(10) Beneficiary payments to the administrator of a program of
7	self-insurance.
8	(11) Services, supplies, materials, or equipment to be received
9	from an agency or from a body corporate and politic.
10	(12) Expenses for the operation of offices that represent the state
11	under contracts with the Indiana economic development
12	corporation and that are located outside Indiana.
13	(13) Services, supplies, materials, or equipment to be used for
14	more than one (1) year under a discounted contractual
15	arrangement funded through a designated leasing entity.
16	(14) Maintenance of equipment and maintenance of software not
17	exceeding an annual amount of one thousand five hundred dollars
18	(\$1,500) for each piece of equipment or each software license. if
19	there are appropriate contractual safeguards for refunds as
20	determined by the budget agency.
21	(15) Exhibits, artifacts, specimens, or other unique items of
22	cultural or historical value or interest purchased by the state
23	museum.
24	(c) Any state agency and any state college or university supported
25	in whole or in part by state funds may make advance payments to its
26	employees for duly accountable expenses exceeding ten dollars (\$10)
27	incurred through travel approved by the employee's respective agency
28	director in the case of a state agency and by a duly authorized person
29	in the case of any such state college or university.
30	(d) The auditor of state may, with the approval of the budget agency
31	and of the commissioner of the Indiana department of administration:
32	(1) appoint a special disbursing officer for any state agency or
33	group of agencies where it is necessary or expedient that a special
34	record be kept of a particular class of disbursements or where
35	disbursements are made from a special fund; and
36	(2) approve advances to the special disbursing officer or officers
37	from any available appropriation for the purpose.
38	(e) The auditor of state shall issue the auditor's warrant to the
39	special disbursing officer to be disbursed by the disbursing officer as
40	provided in this section. Special disbursing officers shall in no event
41	make disbursements or payments for supplies or current operating

expenses of any agency or for contractual services or equipment not



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1	purchased or contracted for in accordance with this chapter and	
2	IC 5-22. No special disbursing officer shall be appointed and no money	
3	shall be advanced until procedures covering the operations of special	
4	disbursing officers have been adopted by the Indiana department of	
5	administration and approved by the budget agency. These procedures	
6	must include the following provisions:	
7	(1) Provisions establishing the authorized levels of special	
8	disbursing officer accounts and establishing the maximum	
9	amount which may be expended on a single purchase from special	
10	disbursing officer funds without prior approval.	
11	(2) Provisions requiring that each time a special disbursing officer	
12	makes an accounting to the auditor of state of the expenditure of	
13	the advanced funds, the auditor of state shall request that the	
14	Indiana department of administration review the accounting for	
15	compliance with IC 5-22.	
16	(3) A provision that, unless otherwise approved by the	
17	commissioner of the Indiana department of administration, the	
18	special disbursing officer must be the same individual as the	
19	procurements agent under IC 4-13-1.3-5.	
20	(4) A provision that each disbursing officer be trained by the	
21	Indiana department of administration in the proper handling of	
22	money advanced to the officer under this section.	
23	(f) The commissioner of the Indiana department of administration	
24	shall cite in a letter to the special disbursing officer the exact purpose	
25	or purposes for which the money advanced may be expended.	
26	(g) A special disbursing officer may issue a check to a person	
27	without requiring a certification under IC 5-11-10-1 if the officer:	
28	(1) is authorized to make the disbursement; and	
29	(2) complies with procedures adopted by the state board of	
30	accounts to govern the issuance of checks under this subsection.	
31	(h) A special disbursing officer is not personally liable for a check	
32	issued under subsection (g) if:	
33	(1) the officer complies with the procedures described in	
34	subsection (g); and	
35	(2) funds are appropriated and available to pay the warrant.	
36	(i) For contracts entered into between the department of workforce	
37	development or the Indiana commission on vocational and technical	
38	education and:	
39	(1) a school corporation (as defined in IC 20-18-2-16); or	

(2) a state educational institution (as defined in IC 20-12-0.5-1);

the contracting parties are not required to post security to cover the



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amount advanced.

1	SECTION 2. IC 4-13-18 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS	
2	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
3	1, 2006]:	
4	Chapter 18. Drug Testing of Employees of Public Works	
5	Contractors	
6	Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to a public works contract	
7	awarded after June 30, 2006.	
8	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "bid" includes a quotation.	
9	Sec. 3. (a) As used in this chapter, "contractor" refers to a	
10	person who:	
11	(1) submits a bid to do work under a public works contract;	
12	or	
13	(2) does any work under a public works contract.	
14	(b) The term includes a subcontractor of a contractor.	
15	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "public works contract" refers	
16	to:	
17	(1) a public works contract covered by IC 4-13.6;	
18	(2) a public works contract covered by IC 5-16 and entered	
19	into by a state agency; or	
20	(3) a state highway contract covered by IC 8-23-9;	
21	when the estimated cost of the public works project is one hundred	
22	fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) or more.	
23	Sec. 5. (a) A solicitation for a public works contract must	
24	require each contractor that submits a bid for the work to submit	
25	with the bid a written plan for a program to test the contractor's	
26	employees for drugs.	
27	(b) A public works contract may not be awarded to a contractor	
28	whose bid does not include a written plan for an employee drug	V
29	testing program that complies with this chapter.	
30	Sec. 6. (a) A contractor's employee drug testing program must	
31	satisfy all of the following:	
32	(1) Each of the contractor's employees must be subject to a	
33	drug test at least one (1) time each year.	
34	(2) Subject to subdivision (1), the contractor's employees must	
35	be tested randomly. At least two percent (2%) of the	
36	contractor's employees must be randomly selected each	
37	month for testing.	
38	(3) The program must contain at least a five (5) drug panel	
39	that tests for the following:	
40	(A) Amphetamines.	
4 1	(B) Cocaine.	
12	(C) Opiates (92000 ng/ml).	



1	(D) PCP.	
2	(E) THC.	
3	(4) The program must impose progressive discipline on an	
4	employee who fails a drug test. The discipline must have at	
5	least the following progression:	
6	(A) After the first positive test, an employee must be:	
7	(i) suspended from work for thirty (30) days;	
8	(ii) directed to a program of treatment or rehabilitation;	
9	and	
10	(iii) subject to unannounced drug testing for one (1) year,	
11	beginning the day the employee returns to work.	•
12	(B) After a second positive test, an employee must be:	
13	(i) suspended from work for ninety (90) days;	
14	(ii) directed to a program of treatment or rehabilitation;	
15	and	
16	(iii) subject to unannounced drug testing for one (1) year,	
17	beginning the day the employee returns to work.	
8	(C) After a third or subsequent positive test, an employee	
9	must be:	
20	(i) suspended from work for one (1) year;	
21	(ii) directed to a program of treatment or rehabilitation;	
22	and	
23	(iii) subject to unannounced drug testing for one (1) year,	
24	beginning the day the employee returns to work.	
25	The program may require dismissal of the employee after any	
26	positive drug test or other discipline more severe than is	
27	described in this subdivision.	
28	(b) An employer complies with the requirement of subsection (a)	- 1
29	to direct an employee to a program of treatment or rehabilitation	
30	if the employer does either of the following:	
31	(1) Advises the employee of any program of treatment or	
32	rehabilitation covered by insurance provided by the	
33	employer.	
34	(2) If the employer does not provide insurance that covers	
35	drug treatment or rehabilitation programs, the employer	
36	advises the employee of agencies known to the employer that	
37	provide drug treatment or rehabilitation programs.	
38	Sec. 7. (a) The public works contract must provide for the	
39	following:	
10	(1) That the contractor implement the employee drug testing	
4 1	program described in the contractor's plan.	
12	(2) Cancellation of the contract by the agency awarding the	



1	contract if the contractor:
2	(A) fails to implement its employee drug testing program
3	during the term of the contract;
4	(B) fails to provide information regarding implementation
5	of the contractor's employee drug testing program at the
6	request of the agency; or
7	(C) provides to the agency false information regarding the
8	contractor's employee drug testing program.
9	(b) The provisions of the public works contract relating to
10	cancellation of the contract by the agency awarding the contract
11	apply to cancellation of the public works contract under this
12	section.
13	SECTION 3. IC 4-13.6-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 3. (a) There is
15	established a certification board. The following persons shall serve on
16	the certification board:
17	(1) The state building commissioner: code compliance officer of
18	the department of homeland security.
19	(2) The chief engineer director of engineering of the department
20	of natural resources.
21	(3) The director.
22	(b) The board shall administer IC 4-13.6-4.
23	SECTION 4. IC 4-13.6-7-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 2. (a) If the estimated
25	cost of a public works project is one hundred fifty thousand dollars
26	(\$150,000) or more, the division shall include as part of the public
27	works contract provisions for the retainage of portions of payments by
28	the division to the contractor, by the contractor to subcontractors, and
29	for the payment of subcontractors and suppliers by the contractor. The
30	contract must provide that the division may withhold from the
31	contractor sufficient funds from the contract price to pay subcontractors
32	and suppliers as provided in section 4 of this chapter.
33	(b) A public works contract and contracts between contractors and
34	subcontractors, if portions of the public works contract are
35	subcontracted, must may include a provision that at the time any
36	retainage is withheld, the division or the contractor, as the case may be,
37	shall may place the retainage in an escrow account, as mutually
38	agreed, with:
39	(1) a bank;
40	(2) a savings and loan institution;
41	(3) the state of Indiana; or
42	(4) an instrumentality of the state of Indiana;



as escrow agent. The parties to the contract shall select the escrow agent by mutual agreement. The parties to the agreement shall enter into a written agreement with the escrow agent.

- (c) The escrow agreement must provide the following:
 - (1) The escrow agent shall promptly invest all escrowed principal in the obligations that the escrow agent selects, in its discretion.
 - (2) The escrow agent shall hold the escrowed principal and income until it receives notice from both of the other parties to the escrow agreement specifying the percentage of the escrowed principal to be released from the escrow and the persons to whom this percentage is to be released. When it receives this notice, the escrow agent shall promptly pay the designated percentage of escrowed principal and the same percentage of the accumulated escrowed income to the persons designated in the notice.
 - (3) The escrow agent shall be compensated for its services as the parties may agree. The compensation shall be a commercially reasonable fee commensurate with fees being charged at the time the escrow fund is established for the handling of escrow accounts of like size and duration. The fee must be paid from the escrowed income of the escrow account.
- (d) The escrow agreement may include other terms and conditions that are not inconsistent with subsection (c). Additional provisions may include provisions authorizing the escrow agent to commingle the escrowed funds held under other escrow agreements and provisions limiting the liability of the escrow agent.

SECTION 5. IC 5-16-5.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter:

"State agency" means the state of Indiana or any commission or agency created by law.

"Agent" shall include any board, commission, trustee, officer or agent which acts on behalf of a state agency.

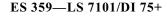
"Public building", "public work" and "public improvement" or combinations thereof shall be construed to include all buildings, work or improvements the cost of which is paid for from public funds but shall not include highways, roads, streets, alleys, bridges and appurtenant structures situated on streets, alleys, railroad projects (as defined in IC 8-5-15-1) and dedicated highway rights-of-way.

"Substantial completion" shall be construed to mean the date when the construction of a structure or building is sufficiently completed, in accordance with the plans and specifications, as modified by any completed change orders agreed to by the parties, so that the state C











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1	agency can occupy the structure or building for the use for which it was
2	intended. Furthermore, the warranty period shall commence no later
3	than the date of substantial completion.
4	"Contractor" shall mean any person, firm, limited liability company,
5	or corporation who is party to a contract with a state agency to
6	construct, erect, alter or repair any public building or is any way
7	involved in public work or public improvement.
8	"Subcontractor" shall mean and include any person, firm, limited
9	liability company, or corporation who is a party to a contract with the
10	contractor and who furnishes and performs on-site labor on any public
11	building, work or improvement. It also shall include materialmen who
12	supply contractors or subcontractors as contained herein.
13	"Retainage" means any amount to be withheld from any payment to
14	a contractor or subcontractor pursuant to the terms of a contract until
15	the occurrence of a specified event.
16	"Escrowed principal" shall mean the value of all cash and securities
17	or other property at the time placed in an escrow account.
18	"Escrowed income" shall mean the value of all property held in an
19	escrow account over the escrowed principal in such account.
20	SECTION 6. IC 5-22-7.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
21	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2006]:
23	Chapter 7.3. Negotiated Bidding
24	Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies only to a purchasing agency in
25	the executive branch.
26	(b) Subject to the policies of the purchasing agency, a
27	purchasing agent may follow the procedure described in this
28	chapter in awarding a contract for supplies instead of awarding a
29	contract under IC 5-22-7.
30	Sec. 2. (a) A purchasing agent may issue an invitation for bids.
31	(b) An invitation for bids must include the following:
32	(1) A purchase description.
33	(2) All contractual terms and conditions that apply to the
34	purchase.
35	(3) A statement of which, if any, of the following will be used
36	to evaluate bids:
37	(A) Inspection.
38	(B) Testing.
39	(C) Quality.
40	(D) Workmanship.

(F) Suitability for a particular purpose.



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(E) Delivery.

1	(G) The requirement imposed under IC 5-22-3-5.	
2	(H) Any other evaluation criteria stated in the invitation	
3	for bids.	
4	(4) The procedure for opening the bids, including the date,	
5	time, and place for opening the bids.	
6	(5) A statement concerning whether a bid must be	
7	accompanied by a certified check or other evidence of	
8	financial responsibility that may be required in accordance	
9	with policies of the purchasing agency.	
10	(6) A statement concerning the conditions under which a bid	4
11	may be canceled or rejected in whole or in part as specified	
12	under IC 5-22-18-2.	•
13	(7) A statement concerning whether, and the procedures	
14	under which, discussions may be conducted with bidders	
15	before a contract is awarded. The procedures for conducting	
16	discussions with bidders must be consistent with fair	4
17	competition among all bidders.	
18	Sec. 3. Evaluation criteria that will:	
19	(1) affect the bid price; and	
20	(2) be considered in the evaluation for an award;	
21	must be objectively measurable.	
22	Sec. 4. Only criteria specified in the invitation for bids may be	
23	used in bid evaluation.	
24	Sec. 5. (a) The purchasing agency shall:	
25	(1) give notice of the invitation for bids in the manner	
26	required by IC 5-3-1; and	
27	(2) provide electronic access to the notice through the	T
28	computer gateway administered by the office of technology.	1
29	Sec. 6. (a) An employee of the purchasing agency shall open bids	
30	in the presence of one (1) or more other employees of the	
31	purchasing agency according to the procedure stated in the	
32	invitation for bids as required by section $2(b)(4)$ of this chapter.	
33	(b) Individuals other than employees of the purchasing agency	
34	may not be present at an opening of bids unless the bids are opened	
35	publicly.	
36	Sec. 7. Bids must be:	
37	(1) opened so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing	
38	bidders during the process of negotiation; and	
39	(2) evaluated based on the requirements provided in the	
40	invitation for bids.	
41	Sec. 8. A contract must be awarded with reasonable promptness	
42	by written notice to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder.	



1	Sec. 9. (a) The purchasing agency shall prepare a bid register.
2	(b) The bid register must contain the following:
3	(1) A copy of all documents that are included as part of the
4	invitation for bids.
5	(2) A list of all persons to whom copies of the invitation for
6	bids were given.
7	(3) A list of all bids received. The list of bids received must
8	include the following information:
9	(A) The name and address of each bidder.
10	(B) The dollar amount of all bid prices received during the
11	bidding process.
12	(C) The name of the successful bidder and the dollar
13	amount of that bidder's bid.
14	(4) The basis on which the award was made.
15	(5) Documentation of the purchasing agency's negotiating
16	process with bidders. The documentation must include the
17	following:
18	(A) A log of the date and times of each meeting with a
19	bidder. The log must include the identity of the bidder.
20	(B) A description of the nature of all communications with
21	each bidder.
22	(C) Subject to subdivision (6), a copy of all written
23	communications, including electronic communications,
24	with each bidder.
25	(6) The entire contents of the contract file except for
26	proprietary information included with a bid, such as trade
27	secrets, manufacturing processes, and financial information
28	that was not required to be made available for public
29	inspection by the terms of the invitation for bids.
30	(c) Except as provided in section 10 of this chapter, the bid
31	register is subject to public inspection only after the contract
32	award.
33	Sec. 10. (a) This section applies only if the amount of the
34	purchase is more than two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000).
35	(b) After the purchasing agency has completed any negotiations,
36	the purchasing agency shall set a date, time, and place for
37	publishing the bid register required by section 9 of this chapter.
38	The date set under this subsection may not be less than seven (7)
39	days before the purchasing agency notifies the successful bidder of
40	the award of the contract.
41	Sec. 11. (a) The purchasing agency may establish policies to



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allow any of the following:

1	(1) Correction or withdrawal of inadvertently erroneous bids
2	before or after an award.
3	(2) Cancellation of awards or contracts based on a mistake
4	described in subdivision (1).
5	(b) Except as provided in a rule or policy, a purchasing agency
6	must make a written decision to:
7	(1) permit the correction or withdrawal of a bid; or
8	(2) cancel awards or contracts based on bid mistakes.
9	Sec. 12. If a bidder inserts contract terms or bids on items not
10	specified in the invitation for bids, the purchasing agent shall treat
11	the additional material as a proposal for addition to the contract
12	and may do any of the following:
13	(1) Declare the bidder nonresponsive.
14	(2) Permit the bidder to withdraw the proposed additions to
15	the contract in order to meet the requirements and criteria
16	provided in the invitation for bids.
17	(3) Accept any of the proposed additions to the contract,
18	subject to section 13 of this chapter.
19	Sec. 13. (a) The purchasing agent may not accept proposed
20	additions to the contract that are prejudicial to the interest of the
21	governmental body or fair competition.
22	(b) A decision of the purchasing agent to permit a change to the
23	requirements of the invitation for bids must be supported by a
24	written determination by the purchasing agency.
25	SECTION 7. IC 5-22-7.5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 2. (a) Before
27	conducting a reverse auction, the purchasing agency must adopt written
28	policies that do the following:
29	(1) Establish procedures for all the following:
30	(A) Transmitting notices, solicitations, and specifications.
31	(B) Receiving offers.
32	(C) Making payments.
33	(D) Protecting
34	(i) the identity of a bidder or an offeror. and
35	(ii) the amount of an offer until the time fixed for the
36	opening of offers.
37	(E) For a reverse auction, providing for the display of the
38	amount of each offer previously submitted for public viewing.
39	(F) Establishing the deadline by which offers must be received
40	and will be considered to be open and available for public
41	inspection.
42	(G) Establishing the procedure for the opening of offers.



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(2) Require the purchasing agency to maintain adequate
documentation regarding reverse auctions so that the transactions
may be audited as provided by law.
(b) Written policies that comply with rules for an Internet public
purchasing site adopted by the Indiana department of administration
under IC 4-13-17-4 satisfy the requirements of this section.
SECTION 8. IC 5-22-9-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 1. (a) When a purchasing agent
makes a written determination that the use of competitive sealed

bidding is either not practicable or not advantageous to the governmental body, the purchasing agent may award a contract using the procedure provided by this chapter instead of competitive sealed bidding under IC 5-22-7. (b) This subsection applies only to a purchasing agent in the

executive branch. Notwithstanding subsection (a), and subject to the policies of the purchasing agency, a purchasing agent may award a contract using the procedure provided by this chapter.

SECTION 9. IC 5-22-9-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 9. (a) Offerors must be accorded fair and equal treatment with respect to any opportunity for discussion and revisions of proposals.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), in conducting discussions with an offeror, information derived from proposals submitted by competing offerors may not be disclosed.
- (c) This subsection applies only to a purchasing agency in the executive branch. In conducting discussions with an offeror, information derived from proposals submitted by competing offerors may be used in discussion only if the identity of the offeror providing the information is not disclosed to others. The purchasing agency must provide equivalent information to all offerors with which the purchasing agency chooses to have discussions.

SECTION 10. IC 5-22-14-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.4-2005, SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 3. (a) A governmental body may adopt rules to implement this chapter. The Indiana department of administration shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.

(b) The rules adopted by a governmental body must establish criteria for determining qualifications as a small business. In establishing criteria, the rules may use any standards established for determination of small business status that are used by an agency of the federal government. A governmental body may also receive assistance













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1	from the Indiana economic development corporation to establish	
2	criteria or to implement the rules.	
3	(c) The rules adopted by a governmental body may consider the	
4	number of employees employed by an offeror and the dollar volume of	
5	the offeror's business. The rules must provide that when computing the	
6	size of an offeror, the annual sales and receipts of the offeror and all of	
7	its affiliates must be included.	
8	(d) The rules adopted by a governmental body must include the	
9	following criteria:	
0	(1) A wholesale business is not a small business if its annual sales	
.1	for its most recently completed fiscal year exceed four million	
2	dollars (\$4,000,000).	
.3	(2) A construction business is not a small business if its average	
4	annual receipts for the preceding three (3) fiscal years exceed four	
.5	million dollars (\$4,000,000).	
6	(3) A retail business or business selling services is not a small	
7	business if its annual sales and receipts exceed five hundred	
. 8	thousand dollars (\$500,000).	
9	(4) A manufacturing business is not a small business if it employs	
20	more than one hundred (100) persons.	
21	(5) A business in any of the following sectors is not a small	
22	business if it employs more than one hundred (100) persons or	
23	if its annual sales exceed five million dollars (\$5,000,000):	
24	(A) Information technology.	_
25	(B) Life sciences.	
26	(C) Transportation.	
27	(D) Logistics.	
28	SECTION 11. IC 5-22-7.5-8 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY	y
29	1, 2006].	



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Governmental Affairs and Interstate Cooperation, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 359, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 5, delete lines 14 through 29.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 359 as introduced.)

HERSHMAN, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 1.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform, to which was referred Senate Bill 359, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 5, line 33, reset in roman "(4) The".

Page 5, line 33, after "The" insert "procedure for opening the bids, including the date,".

Page 5, line 33, delete "time" and insert "time,".

Page 5, line 33, reset in roman "and place for opening the bids.".

Page 5, line 34, delete "(5) (4)" and insert "(5)".

Page 5, line 38, delete "(6) (5)" and insert "(6)".

Page 5, line 41, delete "(6)" and insert "(7)".

Page 6, between lines 3 and 4, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 5. IC 5-22-7-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 6. (a) An employee of the purchasing agency shall open bids publicly in the presence of one (1) or more witnesses at the time and place designated other employees of the purchasing agency according to the procedure stated in the invitation for bids as required by section 2(b)(4) of this chapter.

(b) Individuals other than employees of the purchasing agency may not be present at an opening of bids unless the bids are opened publicly.".

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Page 6, between lines 11 and 12, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 7. IC 5-22-7-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 9. (a) The purchasing agency shall maintain the following information:

- (1) The name of each bidder.
- (2) The amount of each bid.
- (3) Other information required by this article and rules adopted under this article.

prepare a bid register.

- (b) The bid register must contain the following:
 - (1) A copy of all documents that are included as part of the invitation for bids.
 - (2) A list of all persons to whom copies of the invitation for bids were given.
 - (3) A list of all bids received. The list of bids received must include the following information:
 - (A) The name and address of each bidder.
 - (B) The dollar amount of each bid.
 - (C) The name of the successful bidder and the dollar amount of that bidder's bid.
 - (4) The basis on which the award was made.
 - (5) Documentation of the purchasing agency's negotiating process with bidders. The documentation must include the following:
 - (A) A log of the date and times of each meeting with a bidder. The log must include the identity of the bidder.
 - (B) A description of the nature of all communications with each bidder.
 - (C) Subject to subdivision (6), a copy of all written communications, including electronic communications, with each bidder.
 - (6) The entire contents of the contract file except for proprietary information included with a bid, such as trade secrets, manufacturing processes, and financial information that was not required to be made available for public inspection by the terms of the invitation for bids.
- (b) (c) The information described in subsection (a) bid register is subject to public inspection after each contract award.".

Page 8, between lines 28 and 29, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 14. IC 5-22-14-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.4-2005, SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 3. (a) A governmental body may adopt rules to

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implement this chapter. The Indiana department of administration shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.

- (b) The rules adopted by a governmental body must establish criteria for determining qualifications as a small business. In establishing criteria, the rules may use any standards established for determination of small business status that are used by an agency of the federal government. A governmental body may also receive assistance from the Indiana economic development corporation to establish criteria or to implement the rules.
- (c) The rules adopted by a governmental body may consider the number of employees employed by an offeror and the dollar volume of the offeror's business. The rules must provide that when computing the size of an offeror, the annual sales and receipts of the offeror and all of its affiliates must be included.
- (d) The rules adopted by a governmental body must include the following criteria:
 - (1) A wholesale business is not a small business if its annual sales for its most recently completed fiscal year exceed four million dollars (\$4,000,000).
 - (2) A construction business is not a small business if its average annual receipts for the preceding three (3) fiscal years exceed four million dollars (\$4,000,000).
 - (3) A retail business or business selling services is not a small business if its annual sales and receipts exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).
 - (4) A manufacturing business is not a small business if it employs more than one hundred (100) persons.
 - (5) A business in any of the following sectors is not a small business if it employs more than one hundred (100) persons or if its annual sales exceed five million dollars (\$5,000,000):
 - (A) Information technology.
 - (B) Life sciences.
 - (C) Transportation.
 - (D) Logistics.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 359 as printed January 27, 2006.)

BUCK, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 7, nays 3.











HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 359 be amended to read as follows:

Page 3, after line 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 2. IC 4-13-18 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]:

Chapter 18. Drug Testing of Employees of Public Works Contractors

- Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to a public works contract awarded after June 30, 2006.
 - Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "bid" includes a quotation.
- Sec. 3. (a) As used in this chapter, "contractor" refers to a person who:
 - (1) submits a bid to do work under a public works contract; or
 - (2) does any work under a public works contract.
 - (b) The term includes a subcontractor of a contractor.
- Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "public works contract" refers to:
 - (1) a public works contract covered by IC 4-13.6;
 - (2) a public works contract covered by IC 5-16 and entered into by a state agency; or
- (3) a state highway contract covered by IC 8-23-9; when the estimated cost of the public works project is one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) or more.
- Sec. 5. (a) A solicitation for a public works contract must require each contractor that submits a bid for the work to submit with the bid a written plan for a program to test the contractor's employees for drugs.
- (b) A public works contract may not be awarded to a contractor whose bid does not include a written plan for an employee drug testing program that complies with this chapter.
- Sec. 6. (a) A contractor's employee drug testing program must satisfy all of the following:
 - (1) Each of the contractor's employees must be subject to a drug test at least one (1) time each year.
 - (2) Subject to subdivision (1), the contractor's employees must be tested randomly. At least two percent (2%) of the contractor's employees must be randomly selected each month for testing.
 - (3) The program must contain at least a five (5) drug panel









that tests for the following:

- (A) Amphetamines.
- (B) Cocaine.
- (C) Opiates (92000 ng/ml).
- (D) PCP.
- (E) THC.
- (4) The program must impose progressive discipline on an employee who fails a drug test. The discipline must have at least the following progression:
 - (A) After the first positive test, an employee must be:
 - (i) suspended from work for thirty (30) days;
 - (ii) directed to a program of treatment or rehabilitation; and
 - (iii) subject to unannounced drug testing for one (1) year, beginning the day the employee returns to work.
 - (B) After a second positive test, an employee must be:
 - (i) suspended from work for ninety (90) days;
 - (ii) directed to a program of treatment or rehabilitation; and
 - (iii) subject to unannounced drug testing for one (1) year, beginning the day the employee returns to work.
 - (C) After a third or subsequent positive test, an employee must be:
 - (i) suspended from work for one (1) year;
 - (ii) directed to a program of treatment or rehabilitation;
 - (iii) subject to unannounced drug testing for one (1) year, beginning the day the employee returns to work.

The program may require dismissal of the employee after any positive drug test or other discipline more severe than is described in this subdivision.

- (b) An employer complies with the requirement of subsection (a) to direct an employee to a program of treatment or rehabilitation if the employer does either of the following:
 - (1) Advises the employee of any program of treatment or rehabilitation covered by insurance provided by the employer.
 - (2) If the employer does not provide insurance that covers drug treatment or rehabilitation programs, the employer advises the employee of agencies known to the employer that provide drug treatment or rehabilitation programs.

Sec. 7. (a) The public works contract must provide for the









following:

- (1) That the contractor implement the employee drug testing program described in the contractor's plan.
- (2) Cancellation of the contract by the agency awarding the contract if the contractor:
 - (A) fails to implement its employee drug testing program during the term of the contract;
 - (B) fails to provide information regarding implementation of the contractor's employee drug testing program at the request of the agency; or
 - (C) provides to the agency false information regarding the contractor's employee drug testing program.
- (b) The provisions of the public works contract relating to cancellation of the contract by the agency awarding the contract apply to cancellation of the public works contract under this section."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 359 as printed February 21, 2006.)

CROUCH

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 359 be amended to read as follows:

Page 5, delete lines 14 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 4. IC 5-22-7.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]:

Chapter 7.3. Negotiated Bidding

- Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies only to a purchasing agency in the executive branch.
- (b) Subject to the policies of the purchasing agency, a purchasing agent may follow the procedure described in this chapter in awarding a contract for supplies instead of awarding a contract under IC 5-22-7.
 - Sec. 2. (a) A purchasing agent may issue an invitation for bids.
 - (b) An invitation for bids must include the following:
 - (1) A purchase description.
 - (2) All contractual terms and conditions that apply to the

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purchase.

- (3) A statement of which, if any, of the following will be used to evaluate bids:
 - (A) Inspection.
 - (B) Testing.
 - (C) Quality.
 - (D) Workmanship.
 - (E) Delivery.
 - (F) Suitability for a particular purpose.
 - (G) The requirement imposed under IC 5-22-3-5.
 - (H) Any other evaluation criteria stated in the invitation for bids.
- (4) The procedure for opening the bids, including the date, time, and place for opening the bids.
- (5) A statement concerning whether a bid must be accompanied by a certified check or other evidence of financial responsibility that may be required in accordance with policies of the purchasing agency.
- (6) A statement concerning the conditions under which a bid may be canceled or rejected in whole or in part as specified under IC 5-22-18-2.
- (7) A statement concerning whether, and the procedures under which, discussions may be conducted with bidders before a contract is awarded. The procedures for conducting discussions with bidders must be consistent with fair competition among all bidders.
- Sec. 3. Evaluation criteria that will:
 - (1) affect the bid price; and
- (2) be considered in the evaluation for an award; must be objectively measurable.
- Sec. 4. Only criteria specified in the invitation for bids may be used in bid evaluation.
 - Sec. 5. (a) The purchasing agency shall:
 - (1) give notice of the invitation for bids in the manner required by IC 5-3-1; and
 - (2) provide electronic access to the notice through the computer gateway administered by the office of technology.
- Sec. 6. (a) An employee of the purchasing agency shall open bids in the presence of one (1) or more other employees of the purchasing agency according to the procedure stated in the invitation for bids as required by section 2(b)(4) of this chapter.
 - (b) Individuals other than employees of the purchasing agency



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may not be present at an opening of bids unless the bids are opened publicly.

- Sec. 7. Bids must be:
 - (1) opened so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing bidders during the process of negotiation; and
 - (2) evaluated based on the requirements provided in the invitation for bids.
- Sec. 8. A contract must be awarded with reasonable promptness by written notice to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder.
 - Sec. 9. (a) The purchasing agency shall prepare a bid register.
 - (b) The bid register must contain the following:
 - (1) A copy of all documents that are included as part of the invitation for bids.
 - (2) A list of all persons to whom copies of the invitation for bids were given.
 - (3) A list of all bids received. The list of bids received must include the following information:
 - (A) The name and address of each bidder.
 - (B) The dollar amount of all bid prices received during the bidding process.
 - (C) The name of the successful bidder and the dollar amount of that bidder's bid.
 - (4) The basis on which the award was made.
 - (5) Documentation of the purchasing agency's negotiating process with bidders. The documentation must include the following:
 - (A) A log of the date and times of each meeting with a bidder. The log must include the identity of the bidder.
 - (B) A description of the nature of all communications with each bidder.
 - (C) Subject to subdivision (6), a copy of all written communications, including electronic communications, with each bidder.
 - (6) The entire contents of the contract file except for proprietary information included with a bid, such as trade secrets, manufacturing processes, and financial information that was not required to be made available for public inspection by the terms of the invitation for bids.
- (c) Except as provided in section 10 of this chapter, the bid register is subject to public inspection only after the contract award
 - Sec. 10. (a) This section applies only if the amount of the











purchase is more than two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000).

- (b) After the purchasing agency has completed any negotiations, the purchasing agency shall set a date, time, and place for publishing the bid register required by section 9 of this chapter. The date set under this subsection may not be less than seven (7) days before the purchasing agency notifies the successful bidder of the award of the contract.
- Sec. 11. (a) The purchasing agency may establish policies to allow any of the following:
 - (1) Correction or withdrawal of inadvertently erroneous bids before or after an award.
 - (2) Cancellation of awards or contracts based on a mistake described in subdivision (1).
- (b) Except as provided in a rule or policy, a purchasing agency must make a written decision to:
 - (1) permit the correction or withdrawal of a bid; or
 - (2) cancel awards or contracts based on bid mistakes.
- Sec. 12. If a bidder inserts contract terms or bids on items not specified in the invitation for bids, the purchasing agent shall treat the additional material as a proposal for addition to the contract and may do any of the following:
 - (1) Declare the bidder nonresponsive.
 - (2) Permit the bidder to withdraw the proposed additions to the contract in order to meet the requirements and criteria provided in the invitation for bids.
 - (3) Accept any of the proposed additions to the contract, subject to section 13 of this chapter.
- Sec. 13. (a) The purchasing agent may not accept proposed additions to the contract that are prejudicial to the interest of the governmental body or fair competition.
- (b) A decision of the purchasing agent to permit a change to the requirements of the invitation for bids must be supported by a written determination by the purchasing agency.".

Delete page 6.

Page 7, delete lines 1 through 27.

Page 8, delete lines 10 through 42.

Page 9, delete lines 1 through 33, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 6. IC 5-22-9-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 1. (a) When a purchasing agent makes a written determination that the use of competitive sealed bidding is either not practicable or not advantageous to the governmental body, the purchasing agent may award a contract

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using the procedure provided by this chapter instead of competitive sealed bidding under IC 5-22-7.

(b) This subsection applies only to a purchasing agent in the executive branch. Notwithstanding subsection (a), and subject to the policies of the purchasing agency, a purchasing agent may award a contract using the procedure provided by this chapter.

SECTION 7. IC 5-22-9-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 9. (a) Offerors must be accorded fair and equal treatment with respect to any opportunity for discussion and revisions of proposals.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), in conducting discussions with an offeror, information derived from proposals submitted by competing offerors may not be disclosed.
- (c) This subsection applies only to a purchasing agency in the executive branch. In conducting discussions with an offeror, information derived from proposals submitted by competing offerors may be used in discussion only if the identity of the offeror providing the information is not disclosed to others. The purchasing agency must provide equivalent information to all offerors with which the purchasing agency chooses to have discussions."

Page 10, delete lines 29 through 31, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 9. IC 5-22-7.5-8 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006].".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 359 as printed February 21, 2006.)

MESSER

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 359 be amended to read as follows:

Page 5, between lines 13 and 14, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 4. IC 5-16-5.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter:

"State agency" means the state of Indiana or any commission or agency created by law.

"Agent" shall include any board, commission, trustee, officer or

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agent which acts on behalf of a state agency.

"Public building", "public work" and "public improvement" or combinations thereof shall be construed to include all buildings, work or improvements the cost of which is paid for from public funds but shall not include highways, roads, streets, alleys, bridges and appurtenant structures situated on streets, alleys, railroad projects (as defined in IC 8-5-15-1) and dedicated highway rights-of-way.

"Substantial completion" shall be construed to mean the date when the construction of a structure or building is sufficiently completed, in accordance with the plans and specifications, as modified by any completed change orders agreed to by the parties, so that the state agency can occupy the structure or building for the use for which it was intended. Furthermore, the warranty period shall commence no later than the date of substantial completion.

"Contractor" shall mean any person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation who is party to a contract with a state agency to construct, erect, alter or repair any public building or is any way involved in public work or public improvement.

"Subcontractor" shall mean and include any person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation who is a party to a contract with the contractor and who furnishes and performs on-site labor on any public building, work or improvement. It also shall include materialmen who supply contractors or subcontractors as contained herein.

"Retainage" means any amount to be withheld from any payment to a contractor or subcontractor pursuant to the terms of a contract until the occurrence of a specified event.

"Escrowed principal" shall mean the value of all cash and securities or other property at the time placed in an escrow account.

"Escrowed income" shall mean the value of all property held in an escrow account over the escrowed principal in such account.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 359 as printed February 21, 2006.)

AYRES









